|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Bank Item Number | G.C.3.8.L1 |
| Benchmark | SS.7.C.3.8  |
| Cognitive Complexity  | L |
| Item | Who is responsible for breaking a tie vote between the two houses of the Florida Legislature?  |
| A |  | the speaker of the House of Representatives |
| B |  | the chief justice of the Supreme Court |
| C | \* | the lieutenant governor |
| D |  | the governor |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Bank Item Number | G.C.3.8.M1 |
| Benchmark | SS.7.C.3.8  |
| Cognitive Complexity  | M |
| Item | Which action formally accuses a government official of “wrongdoing”? |
| A |  | filibuster |
| B | \* | impeach |
| C |  | override |
| D |  | pardon |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Bank Item Number | G.C.3.8.M2 |
| Benchmark | SS.7.C.3.8  |
| Cognitive Complexity  | M |
| Item | What powers do the Florida governor and U.S. president have in common? |
| A |  | deliver State of the Union address, four-year term, commander-in-chief, grant pardons |
| B |  | six-year term, grant pardons, make treaties, commander-in-chief |
| C |  | grant pardons, veto, deliver State of the Union address, six-year term |
| D | \* | veto, grant pardons, chief executive, four-year term |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Bank Item Number | G.C.3.8.M3 |
| Benchmark | SS.7.C.3.8  |
| Cognitive Complexity  | M |
| Item | The chart below shows the structures of local, state, and national governments. Which choice best completes the last box in Row 1? |
| A |  | Chief Justice |
| B | \* | City Council |
| C |  | Representative  |
| D |  | Senator |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Bank Item Number | G.C.3.8.H1 |
| Benchmark | SS.7.C.3.8 |
| Cognitive Complexity | H |
| Item | The table below describes presidential vetoes.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **President** **(Years)** | **Presidential****Vetoes** | **Legislative****Overrides** |
| [Barack H. Obama](http://www.senate.gov/reference/Legislation/Vetoes/ObamaBH.htm)(2009-present) | 2 | 0 |
| [George W. Bush](http://www.senate.gov/reference/Legislation/Vetoes/BushGW.htm) (2001-2009) | 12 | 4 |
| [William J. Clinton](http://www.senate.gov/reference/Legislation/Vetoes/Presidents/ClintonW.pdf)(1993-2001) | 37 | 2 |
| [George H. W. Bush](http://www.senate.gov/reference/Legislation/Vetoes/Presidents/BushGHW.pdf) (1989-1993) | 44 | 1 |
| [Ronald Reagan](http://www.senate.gov/reference/Legislation/Vetoes/Presidents/ReaganR.pdf)(1981-1989) | 78 | 9 |
| [Jimmy Carter](http://www.senate.gov/reference/Legislation/Vetoes/Presidents/CarterJ.pdf) (1977-1981) | 31 | 2 |
| [Gerald R. Ford](http://www.senate.gov/reference/Legislation/Vetoes/Presidents/FordG.pdf) (1974-1977) | 66 | 12 |
| [Richard M. Nixon](http://www.senate.gov/reference/Legislation/Vetoes/Presidents/NixonR.pdf) (1969-1974) | 43 | 7 |

Source: U.S. House of RepresentativesBased on the table, how has the legislative process been impacted by presidential vetoes?  |
| A |  | The presidents’ views are not reflected in public policy. |
| B | \* | The presidents’ views are reflected in public policy.  |
| C |  | Congress represents the will of the people. |
| D |  | Congress represents the will of the states. |